# SAFETY DATA SHEET

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### Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : MINWAX® POLYCRYLIC® Water-Based Protective Finish

Clear Semi-Gloss

**Product code** 4444

Other means of identification

: Not available.

**Product type** : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Paint or paint related material.

Manufacturer : MINWAX Company

10 Mountainview Road

Upper Saddle River, NJ 07458

**Emergency telephone** number of the company : US/Canada: (800) 424-9300

Mexico: CHEMTREC México 01-800-681-9531. Available 24 hours and 365 days per

**Product Information** 

: US/Canada: (800) 523-9299

Mexico: 01-800-71-73-123 / (52) 53-33-15-01 **Telephone Number** 

**Regulatory Information Telephone Number** 

: US / Canada: (216) 566-2902 Mexico: 01-800-71-73-123 / (52) 53-33-15-01

**Transportation Emergency** 

: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300

**Telephone Number** 

Mexico: SETIQ 01-800-00-214-00 / (52) 55-5559-1588 24 hours / 365 days a year

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity:

5.2%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity:

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation

toxicity: 9.3%

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

**Hazard statements** : May damage the unborn child.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Precautionary statements** 

General : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed,

have product container or label at hand.

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Do not breathe vapor.

Response

: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention.

**Storage** 

: Store locked up.

**Disposal** 

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.

Hazards not otherwise classified

DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of

: Not available.

identification

#### **CAS** number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Butoxypropanol	≤3.2	5131-66-8
Ethylene Glycol	≤2.5	107-21-1
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	≤1.8	872-50-4
Decylpoly(ethyleneoxy)ethanol	≤1.3	9014-85-1
Polypropylene	≤3	-
2-Methoxymethylethoxypropanol	≤1	34590-94-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.

Inhalation

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: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

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before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

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# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

: None known.

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

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: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS#	Exposure limits
Butoxypropanol Ethylene Glycol	5131-66-8 107-21-1	None.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).  STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction. Aerosol only.  STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Vapor fraction  TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Form: Vapor fraction
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	872-50-4	AIHA WEEL (United States, 7/2018).  Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Decylpoly(ethyleneoxy)ethanol Polypropylene	9014-85-1	None.
2-Methoxymethylethoxypropanol	34590-94-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).  Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 909 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 600 mg/m³ 10 hours.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours.

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS#	Exposure limits
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019).  C: 100 mg/m³ Form: Aerosol TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Particulate STEL: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Particulate C: 50 ppm Form: Vapour CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). C: 100 mg/m³ Form: Aerosol only. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). CEIL: 100 mg/m³ Form: aerosol CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). C: 100 mg/m³ CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014). STEV: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Form: vapour and mist STEV: 127 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: vapour and mist
N-Methyl pyrrolidone	872-50-4	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). TWA: 400 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether	34590-94-8	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  Absorbed through skin.  8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.  15 min OEL: 909 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  8 hrs OEL: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours.  15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 5/2019). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).  Absorbed through skin.  TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWAEV: 606 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  STEV: 909 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018).  Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	CAS#	Exposure limits
ethanediol	107-21-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). CEIL: 100 mg/m³ Form: Only AEROSOL
2-Methoxymethylethoxypropanol		NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with sideshields.

#### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Respiratory protection**

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.

Odor : Not available.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 8.5

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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point/boiling range : 100°C (212°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 100°C (212°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

**Evaporation rate** : 0.8 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Lower: 0.6% Upper: 20.4%

Vapor pressure : 2.3 kPa (17.5 mm Hg) [at 20°C]

Vapor density : 1 [Air = 1] Relative density : 1.02

Solubility : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.205 cm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

Molecular weight : Not applicable.

**Aerosol product** 

**Heat of combustion** : 4.018 kJ/g

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Butoxypropanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3100 mg/kg	-
Ethylene Glycol	LD50 Oral	Rat	4700 mg/kg	-
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3914 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Ethylene Glycol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	1 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	6 hours 1440	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	555 mg	-
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
2-Methoxymethylethoxypropanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	8 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)**

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Butoxypropanol	Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
Ethylene Glycol	Category 3 Category 3	Not applicable. Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	 Route of exposure	Target organs
Butoxypropanol Ethylene Glycol		Not determined Not determined

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contactIngestionNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : N

effects

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: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity**: May damage the unborn child.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	19616.12 mg/kg
Dermal	102963.77 mg/kg

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### **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Ethylene Glycol	Acute LC50 6900000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 41000000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8050000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone	Acute LC50 1.23 ppm Fresh water Acute LC50 832 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	48 hours 96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Ethylene Glycol	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-

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### Section 14. Transport information

Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-	-

#### Special precautions for user :

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

: Not available.

Proper shipping name : Not available.

Ship type : Not available.

Pollution category : Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

**TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rules**: 1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidone; 5-Chloro-2-methylisothiazolinone

#### **SARA 313**

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### International regulations

**International lists** 

: Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.

Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

# Section 16. Other information

#### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



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### Section 16. Other information

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Calculation method Calculation method

#### **History**

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: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate **Key to abbreviations** 

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not availableSGG = Segregation Group **UN = United Nations** 

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

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It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/15/2020 Date of previous issue : 11/27/2019 Version: 12.01 13/14